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Building Science

Adventures In Building Science

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Build Tight - Ventilate Right

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Build Tight - Ventilate Right

How Tight?
What's Right?

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Air Barrier Metrics

| | |
|-----------|------------------------------------|
| Material | 0.02 l/(s-m ²) @ 75 Pa |
| Assembly | 0.20 l/(s-m ²) @ 75 Pa |
| Enclosure | 2.00 l/(s-m ²) @ 75 Pa |
| | 0.35 cfm/ft ² @ 50 Pa |
| | 0.25 cfm/ft ² @ 50 Pa |
| | 0.15 cfm/ft ² @ 50 Pa |

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| | |
|------------------------------|------------|
| Getting rid of big holes | 3 ach@50 |
| Getting rid of smaller holes | 1.5 ach@50 |
| Getting German | 0.6 ach@50 |

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Best

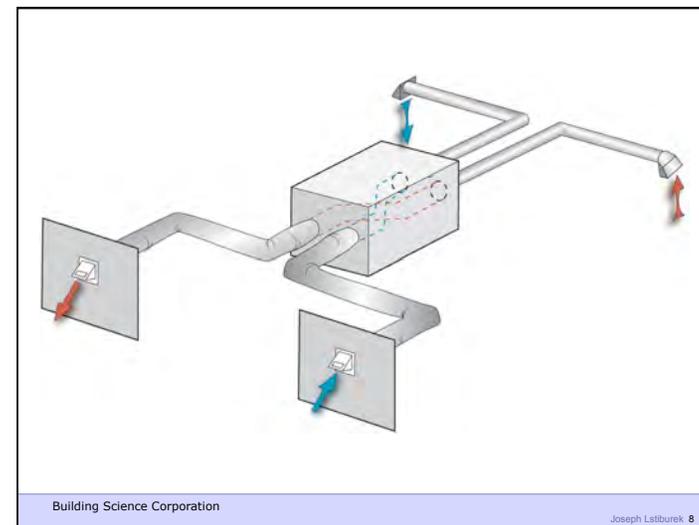
As Tight as Possible - with -
Balanced Ventilation
Energy Recovery
Distribution
Source Control - Spot exhaust ventilation
Filtration
Material selection

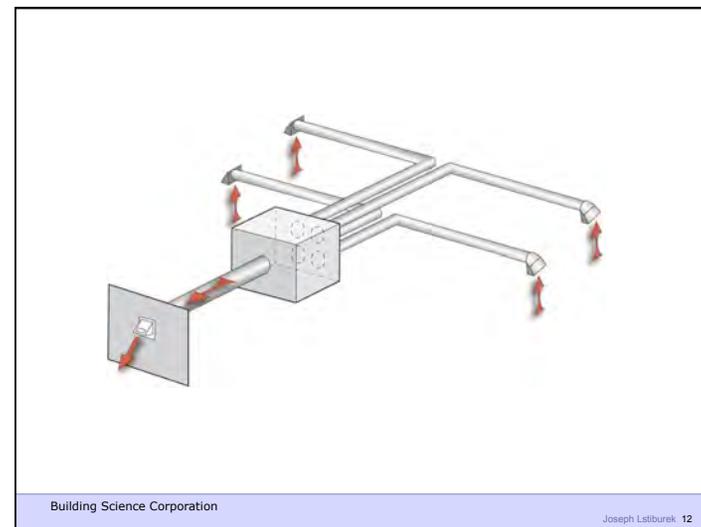
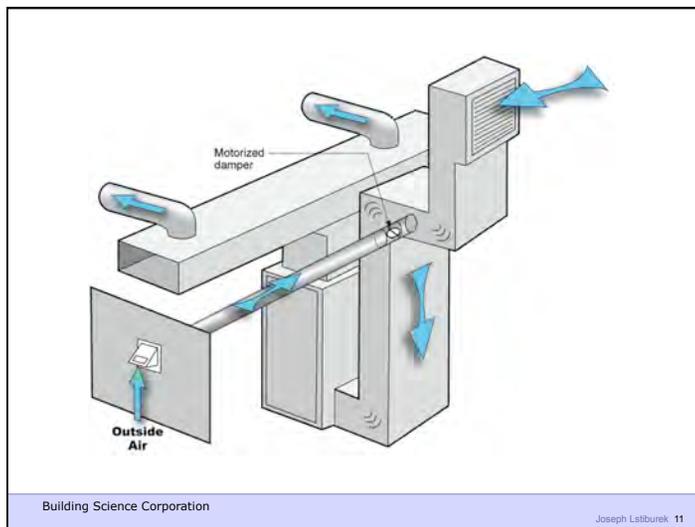
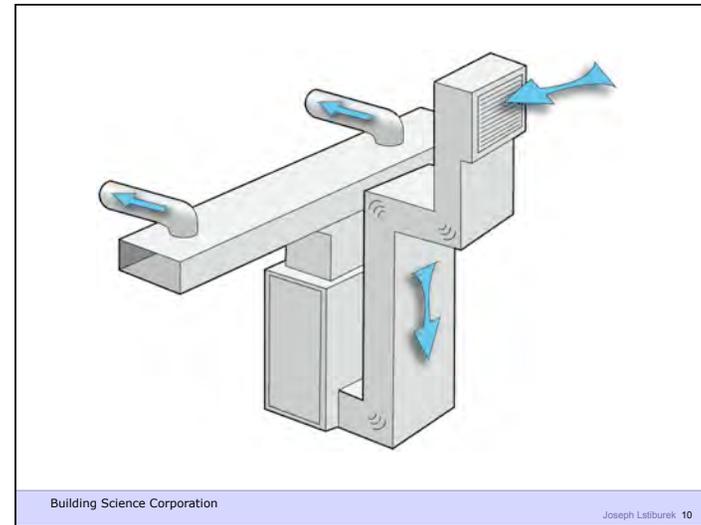
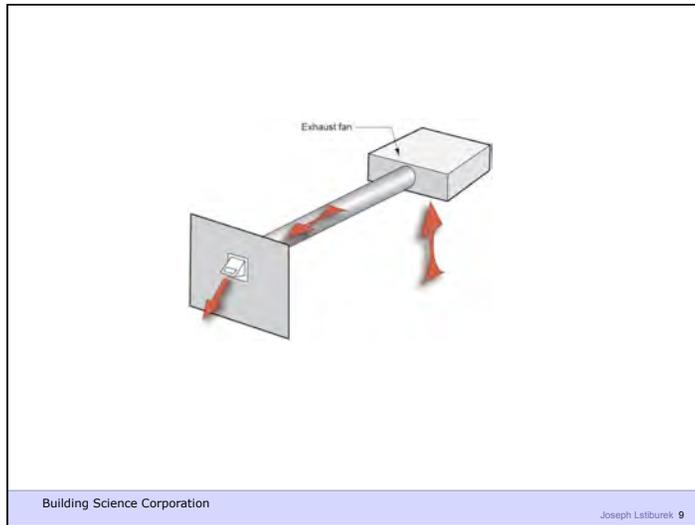
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Worst

Leaky - with – Nothing
Spot Ventilation in Bathroom/Kitchen
Exhaust Ventilation – with – No Distribution

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| | | |
|------|----------------------|---------|
| Cost | Exhaust | \$150 |
| | Exhaust + Dist | \$200 |
| | Supply + Dist | \$200 |
| | Spot + Ex/Sup + Dist | \$500 |
| | Balanced/HRV | \$1,250 |

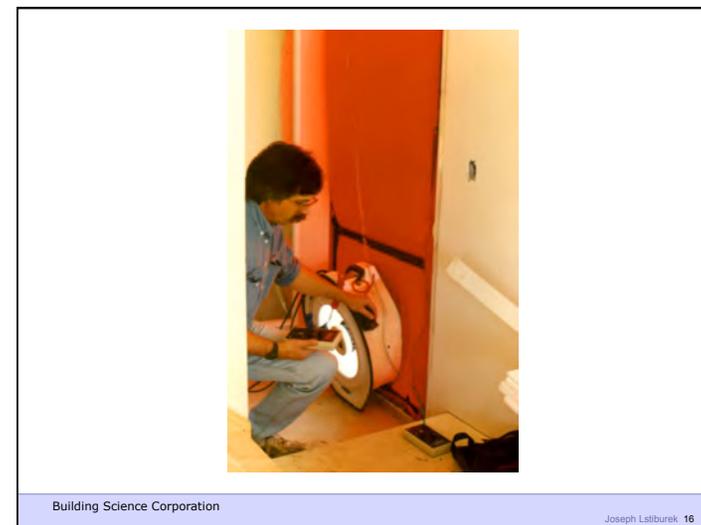
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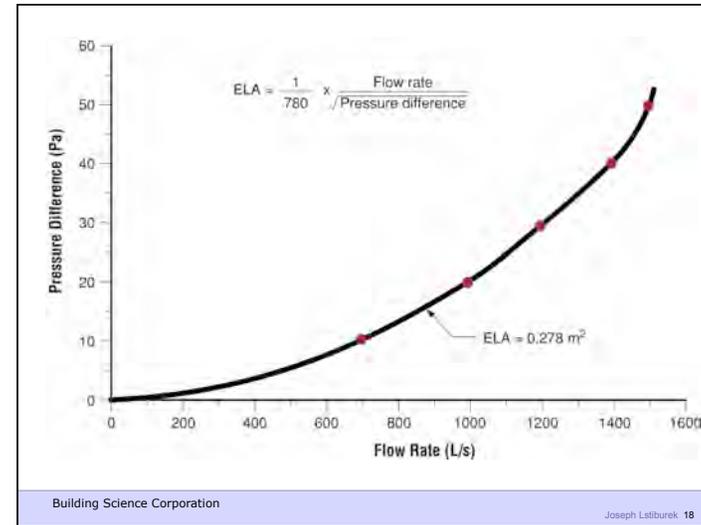
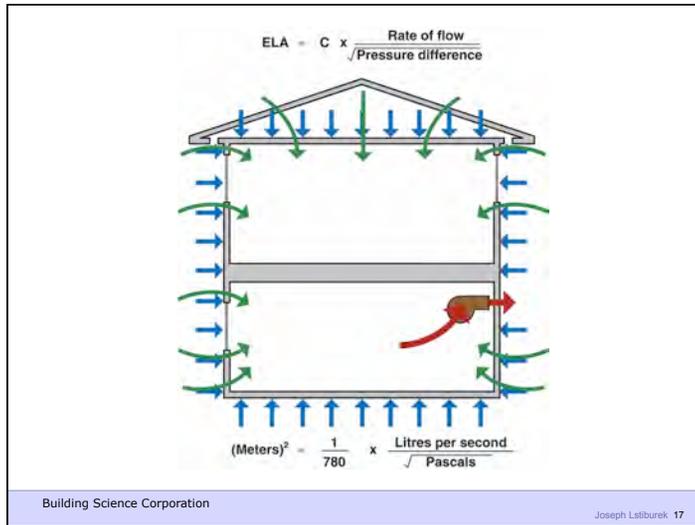
ASHRAE Standard 62.2 calls for 7.5 cfm per person plus 0.03 cfm per square foot of conditioned area
Occupancy is deemed to be the number of bedrooms plus one

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The Cult of The Blower Door

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Blower Door Can't Get You The True ACH
On A Short Term Basis – Hour, Day, Week

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Don't Know Where The Holes Are
Don't Know The Type of Holes
Don't Know The Pressure Across The Holes

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Good For Long Term Average If No Big
Pressures
Good For Average Annual Energy Prediction

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Good For Long Term Average If No Big
Pressures
Good For Average Annual Energy Prediction
Not Good For IAQ Unless You Accept
Average Annual Exposure As A Metric

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Cost of Addressing the Problems Are Less
Than The Cost of Testing To See If You
Have Problems

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Combustion Safety
Indoor Contaminants
Comfort
Energy

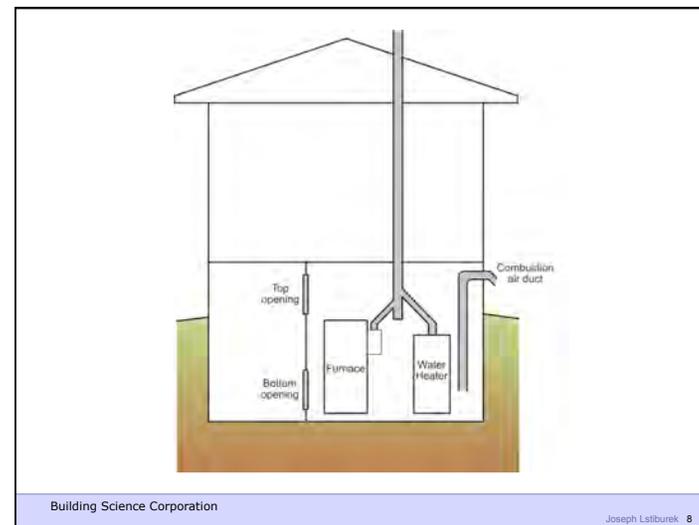
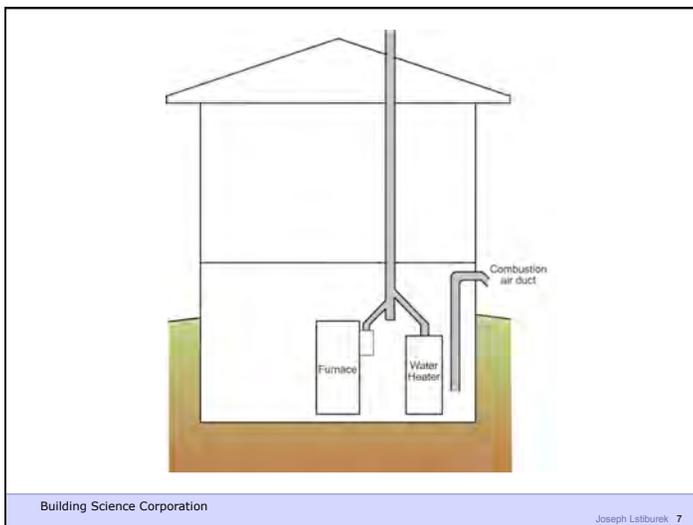
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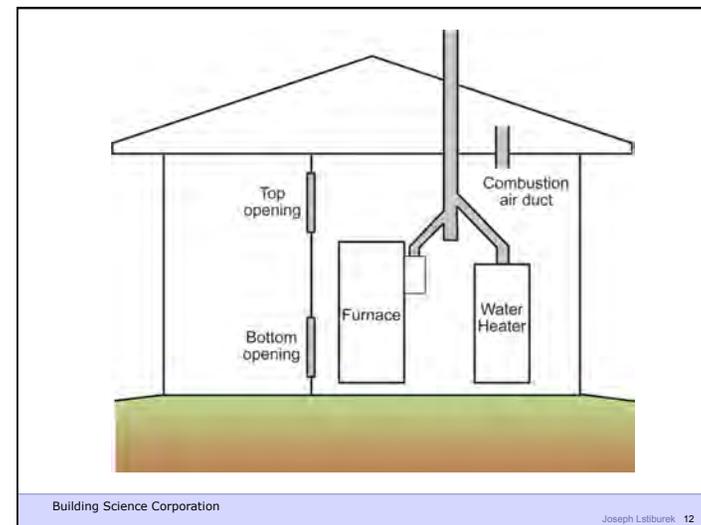
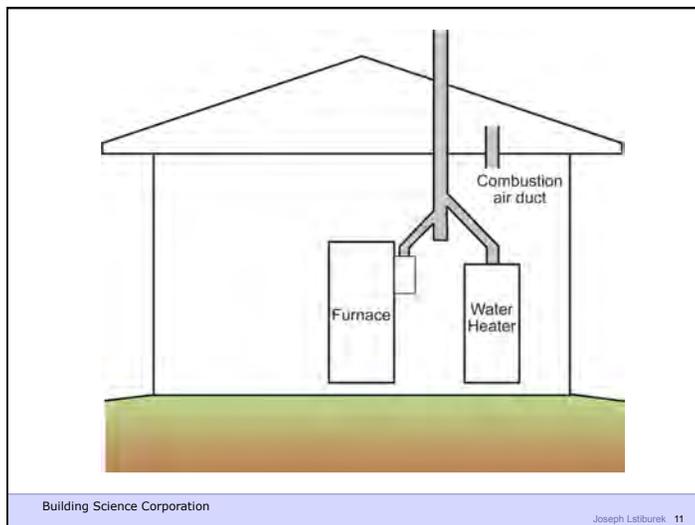
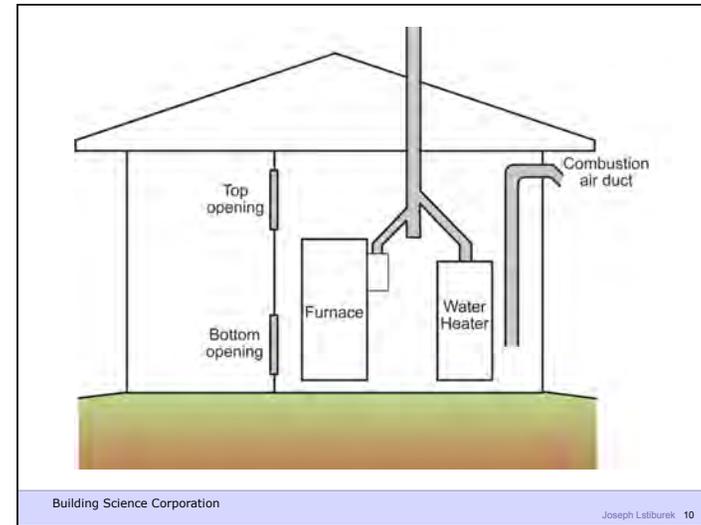
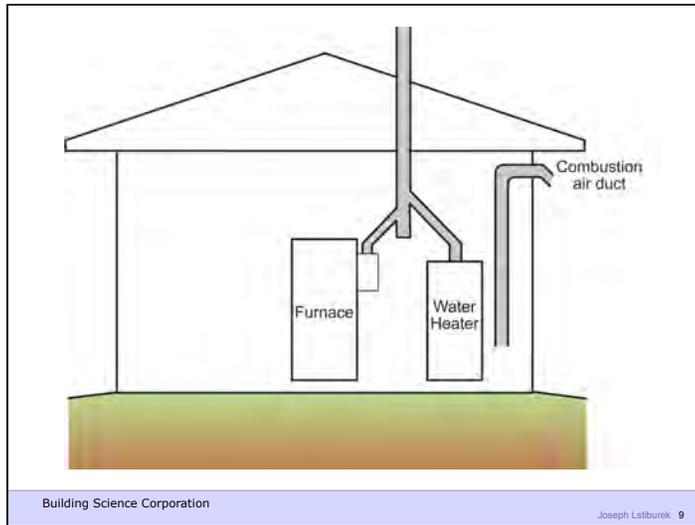
Bring Combustion Appliances Up To Code
Control Pressures
Install Controlled Ventilation
Get Rid of Big Holes
Insulate

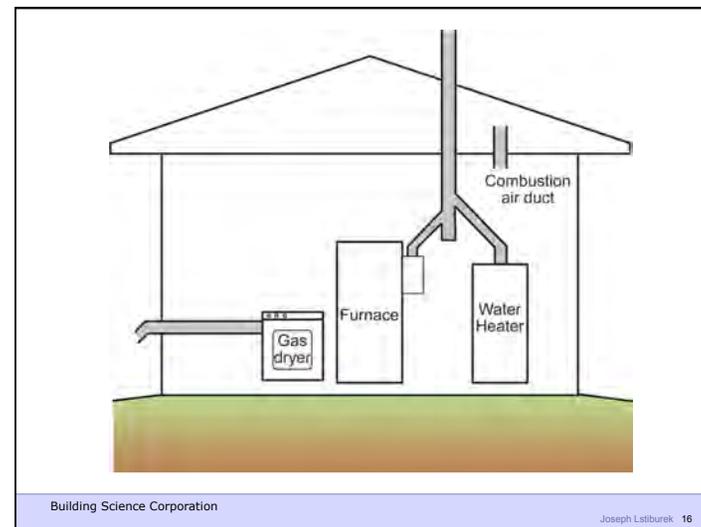
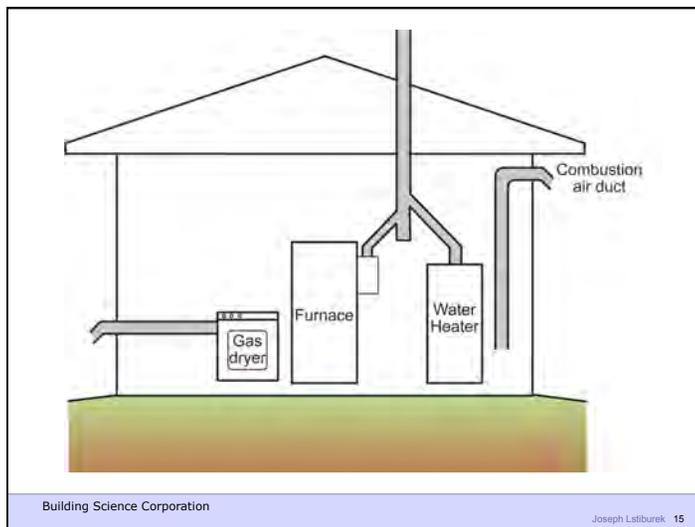
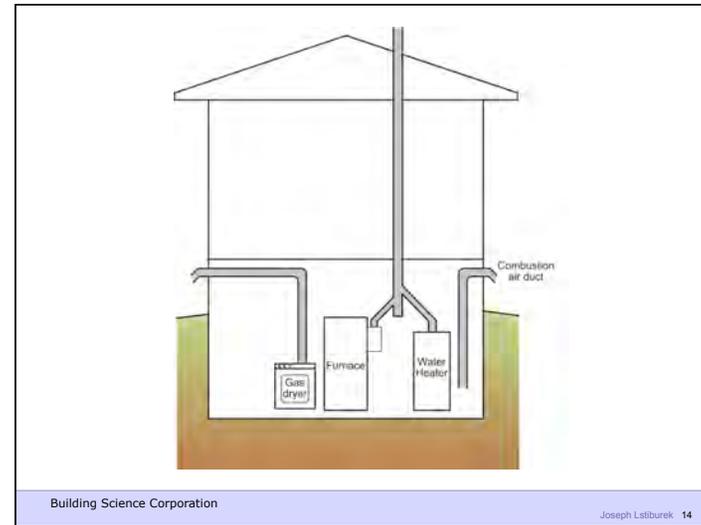
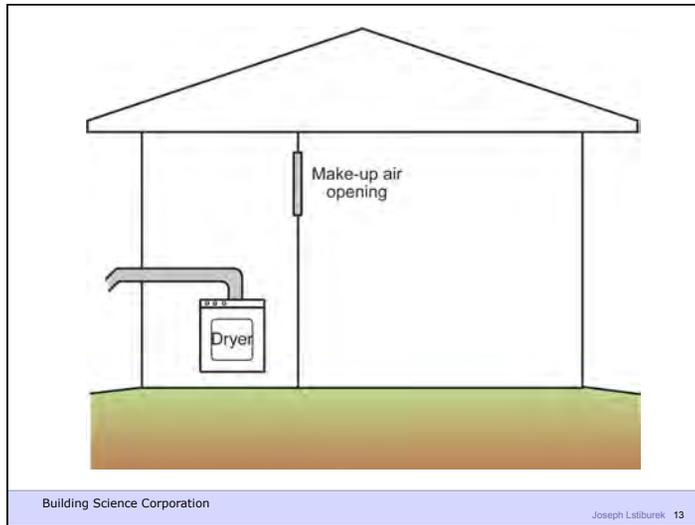
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Code Compliant Combustion Air

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Sealed Combustion Appliances

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Control Pressures

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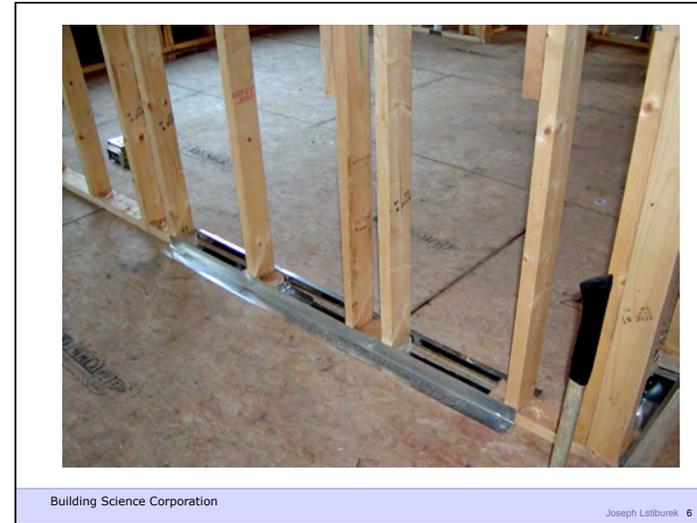
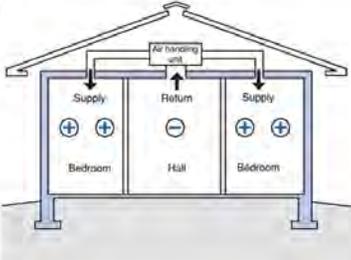


Figure 3.18
Insufficient Return Air Paths

- Pressurization of bedrooms often occurs if insufficient return pathways are provided; undercutting bedroom doors is usually insufficient; transfer grilles, jump ducts or fully ducted returns may be necessary to prevent pressurization of bedrooms
- Master bedroom suites are often the most pressurized as they typically receive the most supply air
- When bedrooms pressurized, common areas depressurize; this can have serious consequences when fireplaces are located in common areas and subsequently backdraft



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